

PORTLAND MARKETS

Latest Quotations in the Portland Markets

Complete Market Reports Corrected Each Day Giving the Wholesale Prices of Commodities, Farm Produce and Vegetables.

PORTLAND, Sept. 1.—Following the experience of several past years, in the height of the fruit season, Front street dealers found themselves snowed under this morning. Every variety of seasonable fruits was in excessive supply with the exception of peaches, and even those were in much heavier stock than had been counted upon earlier in the week.

No attempt can be made to give even approximate quotations on some varieties of fruits—plums, for instance—for this morning, such as it was, departed widely from anything normal in the way of prices. Cantaloupes, pears, plums and prunes felt the effect of the glut and tomatoes, also joined in with the fruit and melon clog and sold at buyers' figures.

Grain, Flour, Feed.

Wheat—Walla Walla, 60c; Valley, 71c; bluestem, 70c; red, 60c.
Oats—White, 27c; gray, 26c.
Corn—Whole, 27c; cracked, 28c per ton.
Barley—Brewing, 23.50; feed, 22c; rolled, 24c to 25c.
Rye—\$1.50 per cwt.
Buckwheat—\$36.00 per ton.
Flour—Hard wheat patent, \$4.10; straight, \$3.45; graham, \$3.50; rye, \$5.00; whole wheat flour, \$3.75; Valley flour, \$3.50 to \$3.65; Dakota, \$5.30 to \$5.60; Eastern rye, \$5.40; Pillsbury, \$6.20; Corvallis, \$3.70.
Millstuffs—Middlings, \$24 to 25; chop, \$15; bran, \$16; shorts, \$17.
Hay—Valley, timothy, \$10 to 11; Eastern Oregon, \$15 to 16; clover, \$7 to 8; cheat, \$7.50 to 8; alfalfa, \$11.
Grain bags—Foreign and domestic, 9c to 9.5c.

Produce.

Butter—Country creamery, 22c to 24c; city creamery, 26c; store, 15c to 16c; butter fat, 24c.
Poultry—Old roosters, 9c to 10c; hens, 13c to 14c; fryers, 16c to 17c; broilers, 16c to 17c; dressed chickens, 14c to 15c; geese, live, 8c to 9c; dressed, 11c to 12c; turkeys, live, 14c to 15c; dressed, 16c to 17c; ducks, old, 10c to 12c; Spring ducks, 15c to 16c; pigeons, per dozen, \$1.00 to 1.25; squabs, \$1.75 to 2.
Honey—Dark, 10c to 11c; amber, 12c to 13c; fancy white, 14c to 15c.
Cheese—Young America, 13c to 14c; Oregon full cream, 12c to 13c.
Eggs—Fresh Oregon ranch, 20c to 21c.

Fruits.

Tropical fruits—Bananas, 5c per lb; pineapples, \$4.50 to 5 per dozen; lemons, fancy, 5c; choice, 5c to 5.50; standard, \$4.50 box; oranges, fancy navel, \$4 to 4.50; Med. sweets, \$3.75 to 4.00 box; grapefruit, \$4 to 4.50 crate; limes, 75c per 100.
Domestic fruit—Strawberries, local, \$1.75 to 2.25 crate; apricots, \$1.50 to 2 crate; peaches, \$1 to 1.25 box; plums, 1.25 to 1.50 box; cherries, 75c to 1.25 crate; bulk, 4c to 6c per lb; gooseberries, 6c to 7c lb; currants, 8c to 9c lb; red raspberries, 8c to 9c per lb; Loganberries, \$1.50 to 1.75 crate.

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Fancy, old, 40c to 45c; ordinary, in country, 40c to 50c; jobbers' price, 50c to 65c per 100 lbs; new, 1c to 1.2c per lb.
Cabbage—Per lb, 1c to 2c; cauliflower, \$1 to 1.25 per dozen; asparagus, Walla

Walla, \$1.50 crate fancy local, 40c to 45c per dozen bunches; parsley, 25c dozen; hothouse lettuce, 50c to \$1.00 box; head, 25c dozen; spinach, 3c to 5c lb; cucumbers, local hothouse, 75c to \$1.00 dozen; California, \$1.40 box; artichokes, 60c per dozen; rhubarb, 3c to 4c lb; peas, 4c to 5c; beans, 9c to 10c; garlic, 10c; red peppers, dry, 20c to 25c; Chile, 20c lb; green onions, 12c dozen bunches; green corn, 40c dozen; canteloupes, special, \$1.50 to 2; pony crates, \$6.50 to 7; egg plant, 40c lb.
Onions—New California, red, 1c to 1.1c; reds, 75c to 1.25; beets, \$1.50 to 2; radishes 12c to 15c dozen bunches.
Tomatoes—Mexican, \$2 to 2.25; Mississippi, \$2 to 2.25; local, 25c lb; Summer squash, \$1.25 box.

Fresh Meats and Fish.

Fresh meats—Veal, medium, 75c to 100 lb, 4c to 7c; 100 to 150 lb, 6c to 9c; 150 to 200 lb, 5c to 8c; 200 lb and over, 3c to 4c; pork, 8c to 9c; hams, 7c to 8c; beef, 10c, 3c; cows, 4c to 5c; steers, 3c to 4c; mutton, medium size, 7c to 7.5c; large, 5c to 6c; Spring lambs, 8c to 8.5c.
Clams—Hardshell, per box, \$2.00; razor clams, \$2 per box.
Oysters—Shoalwater Bay, per gallon, \$2.00; Olympia, per sack, \$5.00; Eastern transplanted, \$1.00 per 100.
Fish—Crabs, per dozen, \$1.50; Shoalwater Bay oysters, per sack, \$4.00; oysters, gallon, \$2.25; halibut, 5c; black cod, 7c; bass, per lb, 20c; herring, 5c; flounders 5c; catfish, 9c; silver smelt, 7c; shrimp, 10c; perch, 5c; sturgeon, 9c; sea trout, 12c; black bass, 25c; chinook salmon, 9c; steelhead, 8c; shad, 4c.

Oil, Lead, Etc.

Coal oil—Pearl and astral oil, cases, 10c per gallon; water white oil, iron barrels, 13c; wood barrels, 16c; eocene oil, cases, 21c; elaine oil, cases, 27c; extra star, cases, 22c; headlight oil cases 21c; iron barrels, 15c.
Benzine—Sixty-three degrees, cases, 20c; iron barrels, 15c.
Turpentine—In cases, 80c; in wood barrels, 83c; in iron barrels, 79c; in 10-case lots, 85c.
Lined oil—Raw, 5-barrel lots, 47c; 1-barrel lots, 48c; in cases, 53c. Boiled, 5-barrel lots, 40c; 1-barrel lots, 50c; in cases, 55c.
Gasoline—Store gasoline, case, 24c; iron barrels, 19c; 80 degrees gasoline, cases, 33c; iron barrels or drums, 27c; 72 degrees cases, 26c; iron barrels, 20c; engine distillate, iron barrels, 9c.
Lead—Strictly pure white lead and red lead in ton lots, 7c; 500-lb lots, 8c; less than 500 lb, 8c.
Wire nails—present base at \$2.60.
Rope—Pure Manila, 14c; standard, 13c; Sisal, 11c; Isle brand Sisal, 10c.
Hops—Choice, 1905, 11c to 12c; prime, 10c to 11c.
Wool—Valley 22c to 25c; Eastern Oregon, 18c to 22c as to shrinkage.
Mohair—Choice, 28c to 30c.
Tallow—Prime, per lb, 3c to 4c; No. 2 and grease, 2c to 2.5c.
Feathers—Geese, white, 35c to 40c; geese, gray or mixed, 25c to 30c; duck, white, 15c to 20c; duck mixed, 12c to 15c.
Casaca sagrada (Chittim bark)—2c to 4c.
Oregon grape root—Per 100 lb, \$3 to 4.
Beeswax—Good, clean and pure, 21c to 24c per lb.
Hides—Dry, No. 1, 16 lb and up, per lb, 18c to 19c; kip, No. 1, 18c to 20c according to size; dry salted bulls and stags, one-third less than dry flint; low grades, 2c to 3c per lb less; salted, steers, 60 lb and up, 10c to 11c; under 50 lb, steers and cows, 9c to 10c; stags and bulls, 7c; kip, 15c to 30c per lb; veal, 10c to 14c, 11c; calf, under 10 lb, 11c to 12c; green, unsalted, 1c per lb less; sheepskins, shearlings, No. 1, 25c to 30c; short wool, No. 1, 40c to 60c each; medium wool, No. 1, \$1.25 to 2 each; murrain pelts, 10 to 20 per cent less; horse hides, salted, \$1.50 to 2.50, according to size; dry, according to size, \$1 to 1.50; colts, 25c to 50c each; Angora, woolled, 30c to 1.50; goat, common, 15c to 20c each.

Seed.

Clover, red, per 100 lb, \$15.50; do mammoth red, \$16.50; do Alsike, \$16.00; do white, \$18.50; alfalfa, \$15.00; timothy, \$5.50; English rye, \$8.00; Italian rye, \$8.50; Kentucky bluegrass, \$15.00; Bromus Inermis, \$13.00; orchard grass, \$14.75; red top, \$12.00; vetches, \$3.50; field peas, \$3.00.

Building Material.

Lime \$1.50 per bbl; imported cement, \$3.75 per bbl; California cement, \$3.50 per bbl; wood fiber plaster, \$14, net, per ton; plaster of Paris, \$3 per bbl; plastering hair, 3c per lb; firebrick, \$42.50 per M; fire clay, \$20 per ton; metal lath, 19c to 25c per yard.
Common rough, per M, \$13.00; dimension sizes, \$12.00 to 14.00; sidewalk and street, \$10.00 to 12.00; stepping, \$30.00 to 32.00; flooring, \$15.00 to 32.00; rustic, \$18.00 to 28.00; ceiling, \$18.00 to 28.00; finishing, \$18.00 to 28.00; paving blocks, \$14.00; laths, \$2.00 to 2.25; cedar shingles, \$2.10.

Herbine

Renders the bile more fluid and thus helps the blood to flow; it affords prompt relief from biliousness, indigestion, sick and nervous headaches, and over-indulgence in food and drink.
G. L. Caldwell, Agt. M. K. and T. R. R. Cheebah, Ind. Ter., writes, April 18, 1903: "I was sick for over two years with enlargement of the liver and spleen. The doctors did me no good, and I had given up all hope of being cured, when my druggist advised me to use Herbine. It has made me sound and well." 50c. Sold by Hart's drug store.

The Intense Itching Characteristic of

salt rheum and eczema is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Salve. As a cure for skin diseases this salve is unequalled. For sale by Frank Hart,

ACAPTAIN IN THE RANKS

By George Carey Eggleston

(Continued from Last Week.)

SYNOPSIS.

Captain Guilford Duncan, C. S. A., takes part in the last fight, at Appomattox, and leaves the army. He then determines to go to Cairo, Ill. Although well educated and a lawyer, Captain Duncan is without family or money, and works his passage to Cairo. Here he saves Captain Hallam's cotton from fire, and Captain Hallam, a modern "captain of industry," hires Captain Duncan, and quickly advances in his employer's estimation. He saves Captain Hallam's coal fleet from destruction by a storm, and is made a partner by Captain Hallam. The young man becomes a force of good among the young men of Cairo. Barbara Verne, a young lady, runs the boarding house in which Captain Duncan takes his meals. Captain Duncan is thanked by Barbara for saving her from annoyance by mischievous boys. He determines to call upon her.

CHAPTER XXV.

WHEN Duncan assumed control of the bank as its president his first care was to acquaint himself minutely with its condition. In general he found its affairs in excellent shape, for Tandy was a skillful banker and, on the whole, a prudent one. There were many small loans to local shopkeepers which Duncan could not approve, and these he called in as they fell due, refusing to renew them. Beyond such matters he found nothing wrong till he came to examine the record of Tandy's own dealings with the bank.

CHAPTER XXVI.

There he found that in carrying on his multitudinous enterprises Tandy had been in the habit of borrowing and using the bank's funds in ways forbidden by the law of national banking. Had Tandy anticipated his own removal from control he would doubtless have set his account in order so that no complaint could be made. As it was, Duncan found that he was at that very time heavily in debt to the institution for borrowings made in evasion, though possibly not in direct violation, of a law carefully framed for the protection of stockholders and depositors.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Early the next morning he sent a courteous note to Tandy calling his attention to the "irregularity" of his relations with the bank and asking him to call at once to set the matter right. After he had sent off the note he continued his examination of the details of the bank's affairs. He had gone over the books very carefully; he had examined the notes held for collection and the like. It remained only for him to make a personal inspection of the cash and securities held by the bank, and that was his task this morning.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

He had not gone far with it when he came upon a small three-cornered slip of paper, with a memorandum pencilled upon it. It lay in the midst of a bundle of greenbacks. Looking at it carefully, Duncan turned sharply upon the teller who had charge of the currency and demanded: "What does this mean? Why did you not bring that to my attention sooner?"

CHAPTER XXIX.

Before the teller could reply with an excuse or explanation Tandy was announced as waiting in the bank parlor to see Mr. Duncan. Duncan slipped the scrap of paper into his vest pocket, saying to the teller: "Make a memorandum that I have possession of this."

CHAPTER XXX.

Then he walked into the parlor. There he received Tandy with cold dignity and marked reserve, more of coldness, more of dignity and far more of reserve than he would have thought necessary if he had not found that scrap of paper.

CHAPTER XXXI.

Before seating himself he called in one of the bookkeepers, saying: "Mr. Leftrich, I desire you to remain with Mr. Tandy and me during the whole of our interview."

"Surely that is unnecessary, Duncan," said Tandy hastily. "I don't care to discuss my private affairs in the presence of a clerk."

"I have no intention to discuss your private affairs at all, Mr. Tandy," Duncan replied. "The matter concerning which I have asked you to call here is not a private affair of yours or mine. It is a matter connected with the administration of the bank. Be seated, Mr. Leftrich."

"But I insist," said Tandy, with a good deal more of heat than he was accustomed to permit himself to show. "I insist upon a confidential interview."

"You cannot have it. I do not regard myself as upon confidential terms with you, nor do I think of you as a man with whom I desire to establish confidential relations."

"Do you mean to insult me in my own—in a bank that I founded and in which I am still a large stockholder?"

"Perhaps you had better not press me to explain myself," answered Duncan, with a calmness that emphasized his determination. "I might feel it necessary to mention some facts that otherwise there is no occasion for Mr. Leftrich to know."

"Oh, very well. I ought not to have expected courtesy at your hands."

"I think I must agree with you in that," answered Duncan. "In view of the circumstances, which, I may remind you, are of your own making, I really think you ought not to have expected courtesy at my hands. Suppose we get down to business instead. What have you to suggest by way of arranging your affairs with the bank?"

"I don't know. I came here hoping and expecting that in view of all the circumstances you might be willing to let this matter of my loans from the bank rest between ourselves for a time."

Duncan was outwardly calm now, but inwardly he was in a towering rage. For Tandy's presence reminded him bitterly of the way in which the ex-banker had tried first to corrupt him and then to blast his reputation with a lie, and Tandy's manner clearly enough indicated that he had come to the bank in full expectation of warping him to his will in another matter involving his duty and his honor.

"How do you mean to 'let it rest'?" he asked, carefully controlling his voice.

"Oh, you understand, or you would if you knew anything about banking."

"I will trouble you to omit all discussion of my knowledge or my ignorance. Your account with this bank is at present in a shape forbidden by law. It must be adjusted at once. That is all that concerns me in the case. Please confine yourself to that."

Tandy became placative and apologetic.

"You must really pardon me, Mr. Duncan. This thing has knocked me out a good deal. It came upon me so suddenly and unexpectedly. I make my apologies if I have said anything to offend. But is there nothing I can do to fix the thing up so that the bank can carry it for me till I can turn around? You see, these things are so customary in banks that it never occurred to me that you would insist upon the strict letter of the law."

"I have taken an oath," answered Duncan, "to obey and enforce the strict letter of the law in the administration of this bank's affairs—just as you did when you were president here. I, at least, intend to respect my oath."

"What do you require of me?"

"For one thing, that you shall put your account into a shape permitted by law and warranted by prudence. In doing that you shall have all the help the bank can properly lend you."

"Tell me your exact terms," said Tandy, "and I will endeavor to comply with them."

"You must comply with them, as they will be only such as it is my duty to insist upon."

"What are they?"

"First of all you must today deposit \$15,000 in cash or securities to make good that bit of paper," said Duncan, holding up the three-cornered fragment of a letter sheet, on which there was written in Tandy's hand:

Good for \$15,000—count this as cash.

N. T. Prent.

"I found that in our cash assets only this morning, Mr. Tandy. Until it turned up I had cherished the belief that your irregularities were only such as you say are customary with bank officers. I believe it is not customary, however, for the president of a bank to abstract \$15,000 of the bank's cash and substitute for it a mere pencil scribble on a scrap of paper, signed with initials."

Tandy sat gazing vacantly at Duncan with livid lips and accented features. He had so long been accustomed to ad-

"That was his oversight on my part, Mr. Duncan. It was merely a matter of temporary convenience. You see, one evening after hours I happened suddenly to need that amount in currency. I came here to the bank and got it, putting the 'mem.' into the cash box in its stead, as there were none of the bank's officers or clerks here to take my check. Besides, I hadn't my check book with me. I fully intended to arrange the matter before the bank opened the next morning, but somehow I forgot it. It was only an oversight, I assure you."

"It was a felony," answered Duncan, in a tone as free from stress as if he had merely said, "It is raining." Then he added:

"Will you make a deposit now to clear that matter up? After you do so we can go on and adjust the other matters."

"Have mercy on me, Duncan! Give me a day or two to look about me! I've been investing very heavily of late, and really I can't raise fifteen thousand at a moment's notice. You know I am good for ten times that sum. Why not let it rest for a week, say?"

"Mr. Tandy," replied Duncan, enunciating every syllable as precisely as if he had been reciting a lesson in a foreign tongue, "let me remind you of something. Some time ago you offered to pay me a high price to commit a crime. You remember the circumstance, I have no doubt. You remember that I refused and that you sought revenge by lying to the men who were then employing me. You told an infamous lie that, if it had been believed, would have blasted my good name forever. No; don't interrupt. I had not intended to mention this matter, especially in Mr. Leftrich's presence—bowing toward the bookkeeper, whose jaw had relaxed in astonishment. 'I had not intended to mention that matter, but you have forced me to remind you of it by trying now to persuade me to commit a crime without any inducement whatever except such as may be implied in my concern for your convenience. Until now I have been prepared to consider your convenience so far as I could do so consistently with my duty to the bank. I am now not disposed to consider it at all. You must bring \$15,000 here within an hour and redeem that piece of paper or I shall proceed against you criminally. After you shall have done that you must make such other deposits of cash or acceptable securities as may be necessary to set your general account in order. That is all I have to say. I give you one hour in which to take up this paper, and I give you the rest of the day in which to adjust the other matter. That ends our conference, and I must excuse myself. You know your way out.'"

(To be continued.)

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